

In-Home Firearm Access and Intimate Partner Violence Among College Students in Florida

(Student Name)¹, Matthew Lee Smith², PhD, MPH, CHES, Mindy A. Menn³, PhD, CHES, Kelly L. Wilson⁴, PhD, MCHES, & Don Chaney⁵, PhD

The University of Georgia¹, The University of Georgia and Texas A&M Health Science Center², Texas Women's University³, Texas A&M

University⁴, & The University of Florida⁵

Intimate Partner Violence (IPV) & Firearms

- The CDC recognizes four types of intimate partner violence (IPV):
 - 1. Physical
 - 2. Sexual
 - 3. Threats of physical or sexual
 - 4. Psychological
- 74 million people in the United States experienced IPV in 2010
- 35.6% of women and 28.5% men in the U.S. have experienced some form of IPV
- The CDC estimates that IPV costs \$6 billion annually
- Initial onset of IPV typically occurs in adolescents or early adulthood

The most extreme form of IPV is intimate partner homicide (IPH)

- 16 out of every 1000 women have been threatened with a gun
- 7 out of every 1000 women have had an intimate partner use a gun against them
- The presence of a firearm during an IPV incident makes death 12 times more likely

In 2013, the President issued 23 executive orders for federal agencies to examine firearm-related violence

Study Purposes

- 1. Identify characteristics of college-aged students who:
 - Reported in-home access to a firearm(s)
 - Reported sexual abuse (attempted and/or forced)
 - Reported physical abuse (attempted and/or actual)
- 2. Identify the relationship between firearm access and reported sexual and physical abuse

Data

- Data were collected from college students enrolled in a Florida university
- Cross-sectional design using an internet-delivered questionnaire
- Data collected over 5 academic semesters
- Analyses of 670 participants with complete data
- Data Analyses:
 - Chi-squared tests
 - One-way ANOVA

Measures

Dependent Variables

- In-Home Firearm Access (No, Yes, Don't Know)
- Sexual Abuse (Attempted, Actual, Neither, Both)
- Physical Abuse (Attempted, Actual, Neither, Both)

Personal Characteristics

• Age; Sex; Race; Ethnicity; Sexual Orientation; Relationship Status; Insurance Source; Place of Residence; GPA

Affiliations

• Greek Affiliation; Military Affiliation

Health Indicators

• Binge Drinking (past 2 weeks); General Health Status

Results

Sample Characteristics	
On average, 20.6 (3.0) years old	
72% female	
22% Hispanic	
71% White; 13% African American; 10% Asian	
96% heterosexual	
50% not dating; 32% relationship; 14% dating	
75% parents' insurance; 14% no insurance	
57% apartment; 20% house; 18% on-campus dorm	
27% fraternity/sorority; 1% pledging	
97% never in military	
On average, 3.4 (0.4) GPA	
On average, 2.2 (1.9) times binge drink in the past 2 weeks	5

In-home Firearm Access	Physical Abuse	Sexual Abuse	Threats of Physical Abuse
19% Yes	2% Attempted	18% Attempted	10% Threatened
2% Don't Know	6% Abused	3% Forced	
	6% Both	5% Both	

						Forced Sex and Attempted Forced Sex					Physical Abuse and Attempted Physical Abuse							
	Total (n = 670)	No (n = 526)	Yes (n = 129)	Don't Know (n = 15)	y^2 or f	Р	Neither (n = 493)	Attempted (n = 124)	Forced (n = 20)	Both (n = 33)	χ^2 or f	Р	Neither (n = 577)	Attempted (n = 13)	Abused (n = 39)	Both (n = 33)	χ^2 or f	Р
Firearm in Home					-						1.92	0.927					24.20	<0.00
No	78.5%		-	-			78.5%	80.6%	75.0%	72.7%			81.3%	69.2%	59.0%	61.0%		
Yes	19.3%						19.5%	16.9%	20.0%	24.2%			16.5%	30.8%	41.0%	34.1%		
Don't Know	2.2%			-			2.0%	2.4%	5.0%	3.0%			2.3%	0.0%	0.0%	4.9%		
Forced Sex and Attempted Forced Sex					1.92	0.927					-						59.64	< 0.00
Neither	73.6%	73.6%	74.4%	66.7%									76.6%	30.8%	64.1%	53.7%		
Attempted Forced Sex	18.5%	19.0%	16.3%	20.0%									17.7%	53.8%	17.9%	19.5%		
Forced Sex	3.0%	2.9%	3.1%	6.7%									2.4%	7.7%	10.3%	2.4%		
Both	4.9%	4.6%	6.2%	6.7%									3.3%	7.7%	7.7%	24.4%		
Physical Abuse and Attempted Physical Abuse					24.20	< 0.001					59.64	< 0.001					-	_
Neither	86.1%	89.2%	73.6%	86.7%			89.7%	82.3%	70.0%	57.6%								
Attempted Physical Abuse	1.9%	1.7%	3.1%	0.0%			0.8%	5.6%	5.0%	3.0%								
Physical Abuse	5.8%	4.4%	12.4%	0.0%			5.1%	5.6%	20.0%	9.1%								
Both	6.1%	4.8%	10.9%	13.3%			4.5%	6.5%	5.0%	30.3%				-				
Threatened with Physical Abuse					3.64	0.162					29.08	< 0.001					345.13	< 0.00
No	90.4%	91.4%	86.0%	93.3%			93.1%	87.9%	80.0%	66.7%			97.9%	38.5%	74.4%	17.1%		
Yes	9.6%	8.6%	14.0%	6.7%			6.9%	12.1%	20.0%	33.3%			2.1%	61.5%	25.6%	82.9%		

Major Findings

- Larger proportions of participants who reported attempted physical abuse, actual physical abuse, or both also reported in-home firearm access
- Large relationship between forced sex and physical abuse (and 'both' for each category)
- Not knowing if there was a firearm in the home was associated with 'both' for sexual and physical abuse
- No significant relationship between in-home firearm access and sexual abuse

Characteristics

Firearm Access

- Relative to those who did not have in-home access to a firearm...
- Larger portions of participants who reported access also reported that they were:
 - Olde
 - Wh
 - African Americans and Pacific Islanders = "don't know"
 - Married or in a committed/steady relationship
 - Lived in a house
 - On-campus dorm = "don't know"
 - Physical abuse (attempted, actual, both)

Sexual Abuse

- Larger proportions of participants who reported <u>attempted</u> also reported that they were:
 - Female
 - White and Native American
 - Single/dating
 - In Greek system
- Larger proportions of participants who reported <u>forced</u> also reported that they were:
 - Female
 - White and Other
 - In a committed/steady relationship and married
 - In Greek system
- Larger proportion of participants who reported both also reported that they were:
 - Older
 - Female
 - White and African American
 - In a committed/steady relationship and married
 - In Greek System or pledging

Physical Abuse

- Larger proportions of participants who reported <u>attempted</u> abuse also reported that they were:
 - Not insured
 - In the Greek system
- Larger proportions of participants who reported <u>actual</u> abuse also reported that they were:
 - In a committed/steady relationship and married
 - No insurance
 - Pledging Greek system
- Larger proportions of participants who reported <u>both</u> also reported that they were:
 - Older
 - Single/dating, in a committed/steady relationship, married, and other
 Not insured

 - Pledging Greek system

Conclusions & Implications

- The findings of this study support previously known relationships between:
 - In home firearm access and physical abuse
 - Physical abuse and sexual abuse
- In-home firearm access was not associated with sexual abuse
 - This may indicate variations in aggression origin and manifestation
- Men were under-represented, which is a limitation because they more predominately own firearms. This may be a contributing factor to why married and partnered participants had in-home firearm access.
- Opportunities for education and intervention that stand out from this study are with females, the Greek system, and lower socioeconomic status.